### **Power Distributions in Compliance**

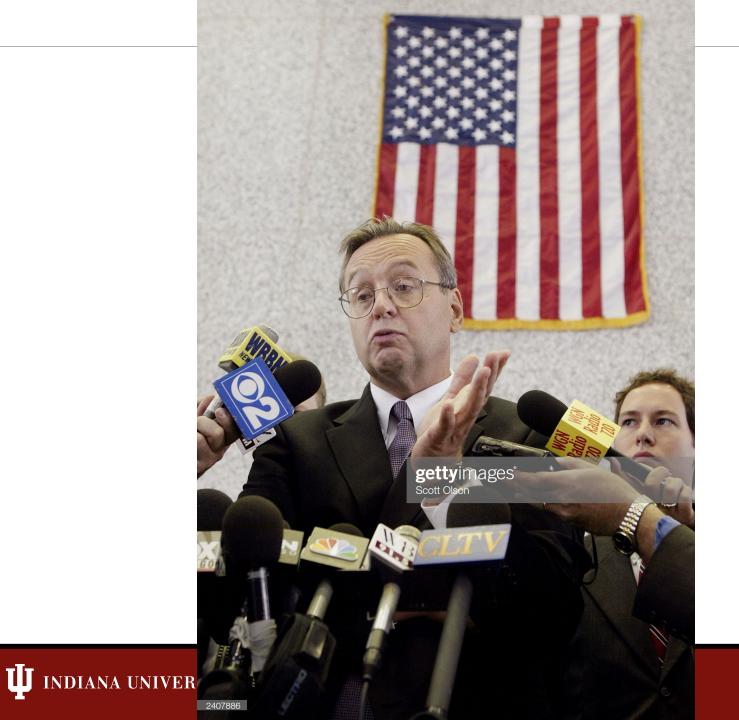
#### **TODD HAUGH**

January 12, 2021



# KELLEY SCHOOL OF BUSINESS

INDIANA UNIVERSITY











why do good people do bad things?



Probably the strongest finding from behavioral ethics research is that people simultaneously think of themselves as *good* people yet frequently *lie and cheat* (typically in a minor way).

"The empirical evidence seems to point to the conclusion that we lie and cheat much more often than we care to admit. At the same time, we strive to maintain a positive image of ourselves, and moral values are a central component of our self-image."

—Francesca Gino, Harvard Business School

"[C]ognitive heuristics, psychological tendencies, social and organizational pressures, and even seemingly irrelevant situational factors can make it more likely that good people will do bad things."

—Robert Prentice, McCombs School of Business, University of Texas





**Governance** – processes by which decisions relative to risk management and compliance are made within organizations

Risk management – processes by which risk is identified, analyzed, and included in strategic planning, and either mitigated or accepted as inherent in necessary company conduct

Compliance – processes by which a company polices its own behavior to ensure legal and normative conformity

**EDM** – ethical decision making of individuals



## U.S. Department of Justice Criminal Division

**Evaluation of Corporate Compliance Programs** 

Guidance Document Updated: April 2019





## U.S. Department of Justice Criminal Division

**Evaluation of Corporate Compliance Programs** 

Guidance Document
Updat June 2020





This document is meant to assist prosecutors in making informed decisions as to whether, and to what extent, the corporation's compliance program was effective at the time of the offense, and is effective at the time of a charging decision or resolution, for purposes of determining the appropriate (1) form of any resolution or prosecution; (2) monetary penalty, if any; and (3) compliance obligations contained in any corporate criminal resolution (e.g., monitorship or reporting obligations).

Guidance Document
Updat June 2020





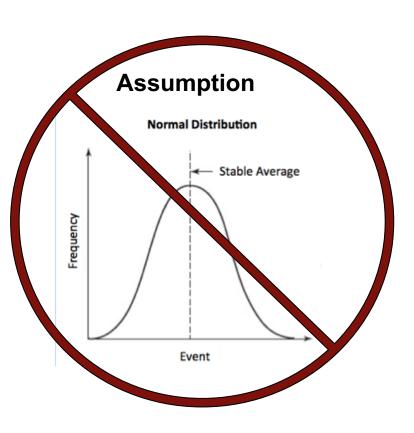
- 1. "Is the corporation's compliance program well designed?"
- 2. "Is the program being applied earnestly and in good faith?" In other words, is the program being implemented effectively?
- "Does the corporation's compliance program work" in practice?

See JM § 9-28.800.

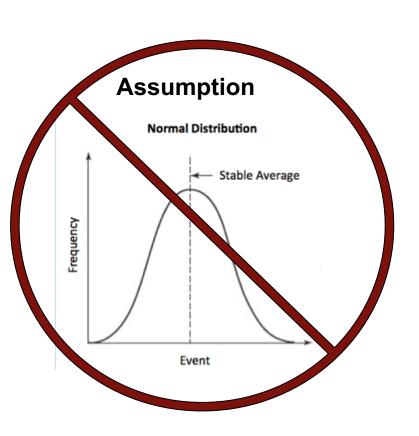
Guidance Document
Updat June 2020

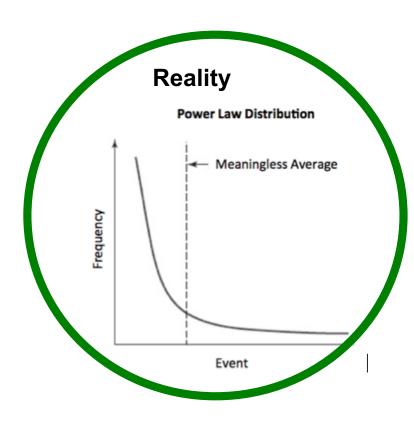


### **Compliance Programs**

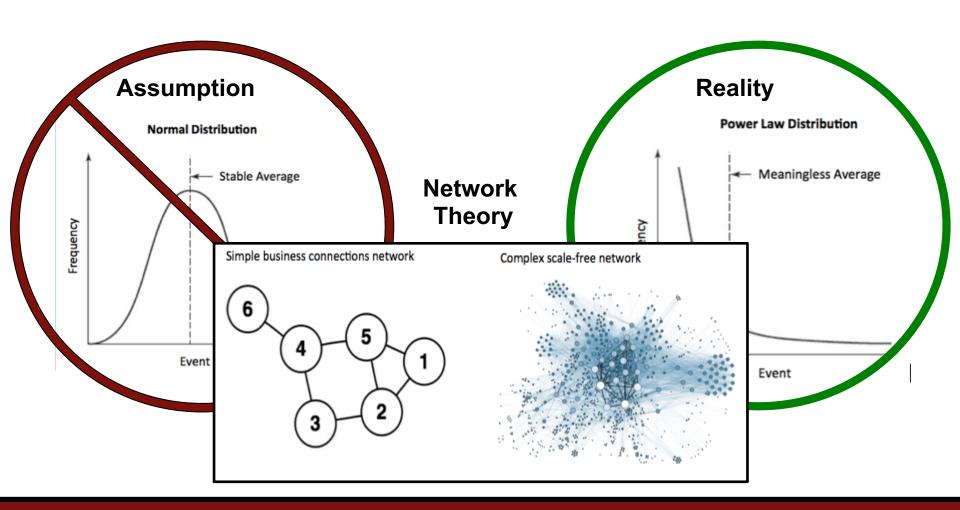


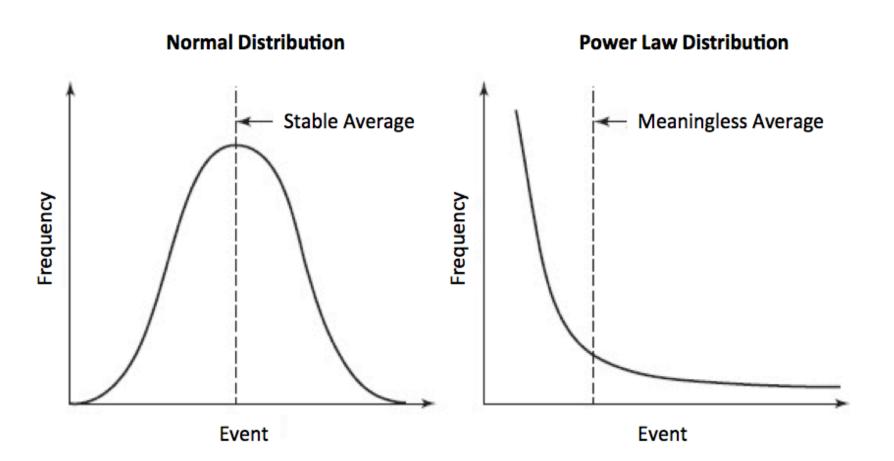
### **Compliance Programs**





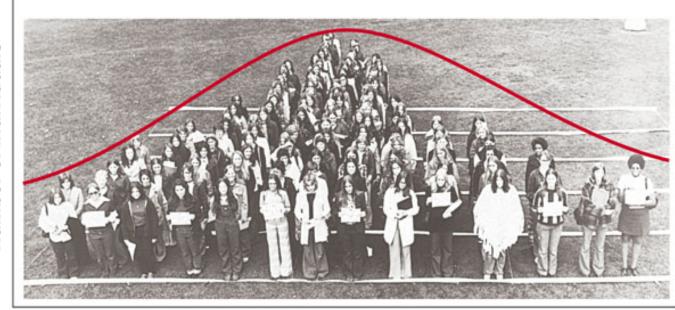
### **Compliance Programs**





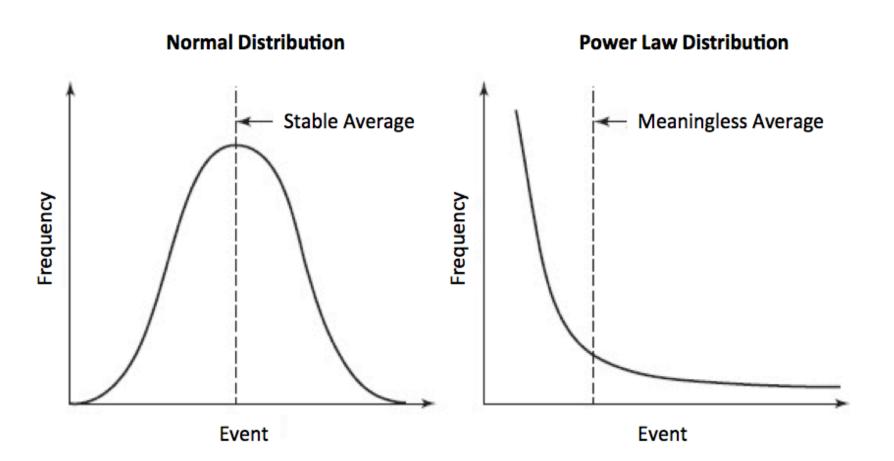
Tobin/Dusheck, Asking About Life, 2/e Figure 16.6

Number of individuals



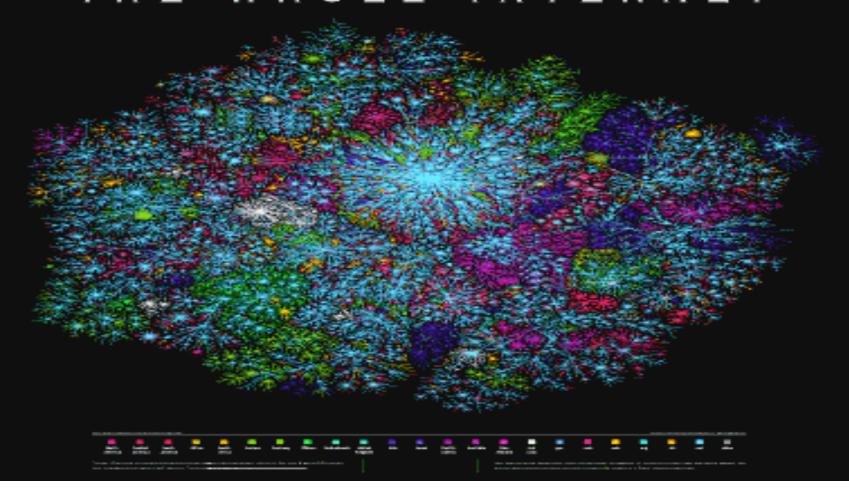
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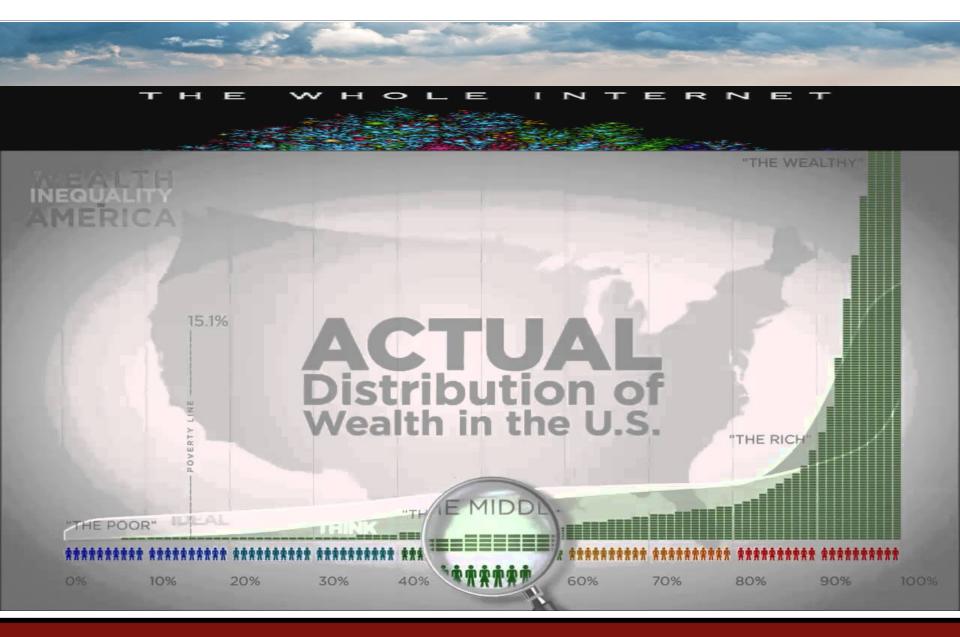
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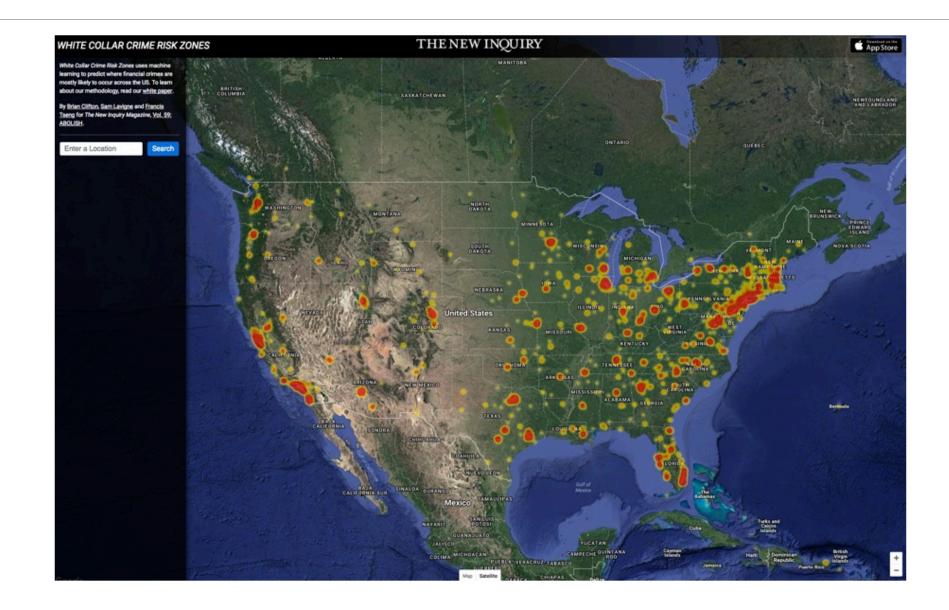


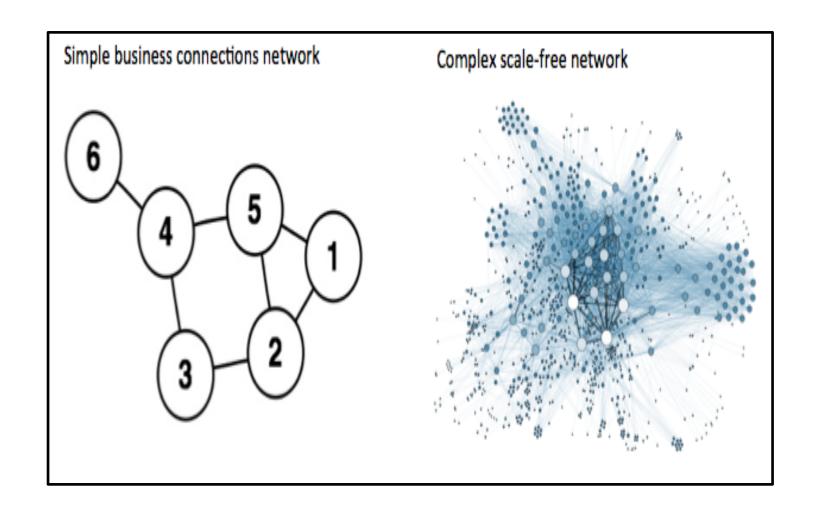
#### THE WHOLE INTERNET















# Goldman Sachs Ensnarled in Vast 1MDB Fraud Scandal



The Goldman Sachs offices in Manhattan. Goldman has played down any role in the so-called 1MDB scandal. John Taggart for The New York Times

By Matthew Goldstein, Alexandra Stevenson and Emily Flitter



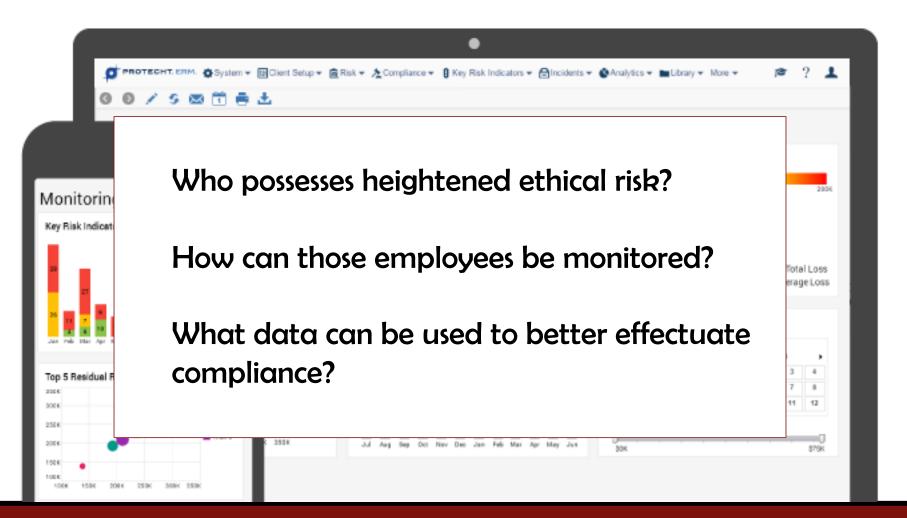














#### U.S. Department of Justice

Criminal Division

corporation's compliance program and controls are demonstrated to be effective and appropriately resourced at the time of resolution, a monitor will not likely be necessary").

#### A. Continuous Improvement, Periodic Testing, and Review

One hallmark of an effective compliance program is its capacity to improve and evolve. The actual implementation of controls in practice will necessarily reveal areas of risk and potential adjustment. A company's business changes over time, as do the environments in which it operates, the nature of its customers, the laws that govern its actions, and the applicable

Updat June 2020

